

### Young Adults – Transition from CAMHS to Adult Services in Tower Hamlets







- Young people & carers report varied experiences when transitioning from CAMHS
- We want to ensure that all transitions go as well as possible for young people
- Quality Improvement project started over the Autumn 2022 aiming to improve young people's experiences of transition; piloting changes with Stepney & Wapping

Neighbourhood Team. 4 key elements:

**UALITY Communication** & information sharing

- Services taking **responsibility** for transitions
- Service user/carer **engagement**
- Adult Services' acceptance criteria/thresholds.

# Turning 18 is a time of transition...

- Adolescence is a period of intense emotional, physiological & social change for YP and their families.
- The move from CAMHS to Adult
  Services is likely to coincide with other
  transitions. Transitions for young
  adults include:
  - $\circ$  leaving education
  - thinking about starting a job or work
    experience
  - $\,\circ\,$  changes to their state benefits and finances



- $\circ\,$  moving into **new accommodation**
- changes to health and medical services
- $\,\circ\,$  changes in any social care support
- changes to personal relationships



## Purpose and scope of the transitions policy



The Transitions Policy covers transition of young people from CAMHS to other services as they turn 18: e.g., primary care, secondary care, IAPT and voluntary & community services

The policy helps to ensure the transition process:

- is well-planned & efficient
- Considers young people's & carer's experiences.

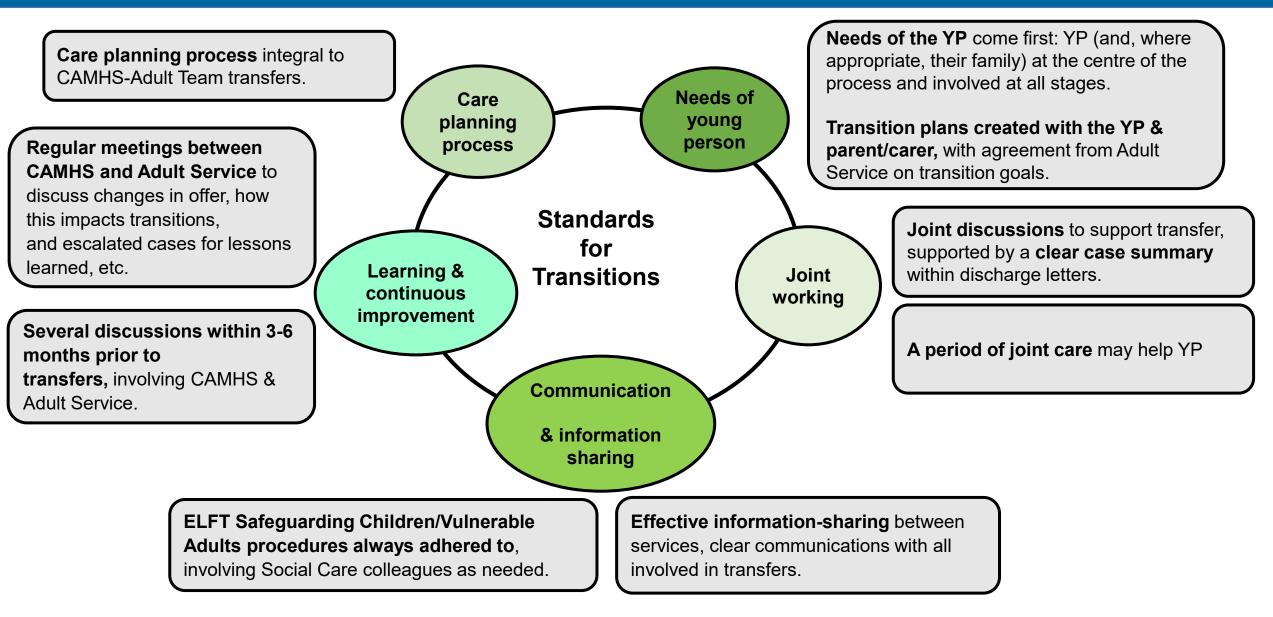
All professionals working with young people during the transition period need to ensure this policy is adhered to.

The transition process **should commence six months before a service user's 18th birthday** – with a formal referral to the appropriate Adult Mental Health Team. **Continues for up to a further six months after transfer.**  The policy applies to CAMHS service users with symptoms including the following:

- A psychosis or major mental illness
- Mental health/ psychological needs, which are likely to continue into adulthood
- An enduring mental health problem
- Mental health/ psychological needs that would benefit from an intervention from the Wellbeing team.

# **Standards for Transitions -**



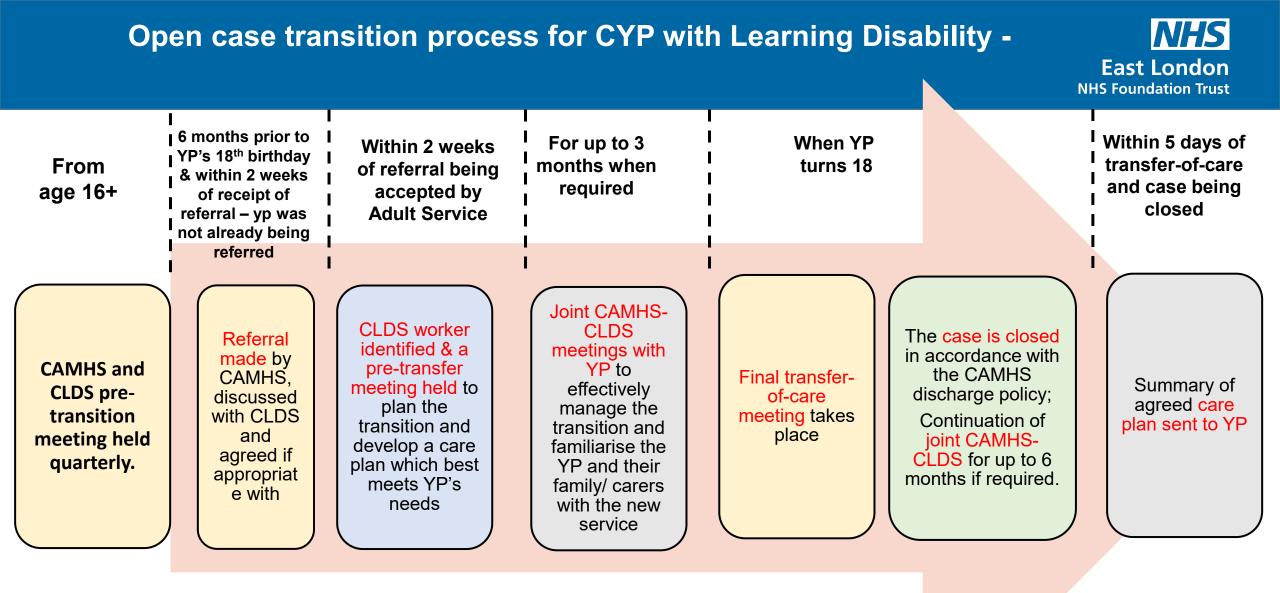


## **Open case transition process -**



6 months prior to YP's 18 <sup>th</sup> birthday & within 2 weeks of receipt of	Within 2 weeks of referral being accepted by Adult Service	For up to 3 months when required	When YP turns 18	Within 5 days of transfer-of-care and case being closed
referral Referral made by CAMHS, discussed with Adult Service and agreed if appropriate with	Adult worker identified & a pre- transfer meeting held to plan the transition and develop a care plan which best meets YP's needs	Joint CAMHS- Adult Service meetings with YP to effectively manage the transition and familiarise the YP and their family/ carers with the new service	<text><text></text></text>	Summary of agreed care plan sent to YP

If the AMHS service originally identified is not appropriate, then the CAMHS co-ordinator/lead professional should consider taking the case to the Tower Hamlets '**No Wrong Door Meeting'.** This meeting discusses cases that are likely to fall through the gaps of traditional service provision. The meeting aims to improve access to care in TH and is attended by a range of adult therapy services.



**CLDS: Community Learning Disability Service** 

# **Joint Care Planning meetings**





#### The joint care planning meetings should be attended by:

- The YP
- YP's parents/carers
- CAMHS reps
- Reps of the Adult service considered most appropriate for YP
- Reps from other services involved with YP
- Language interpreters as needed (use ELFT's interpretation service).

#### The care plan should include:

- Agreed timetable for transfer
- Details of the transition process with planned milestones
- Agreed plan for any joint working required ahead of the transfer, including how and when YP will be introduced to new AMHS care co-ordinator.

#### The joint care planning/transfer meetings should cover:

- A care plan should be discussed and agreed
- Ensure YP, families/carers know who to contact & what to do if they feel things are not going as planned
- Agreement on roles and responsibilities during and after transfer
- Review of care plan and risk assessment
- Agreed date for the final care transfer meeting.



- If YP does not engage with transition process, CAMHS clinician follows ELFT DNA Policy
- If YP continues to DNA, summary of attempts made to engage the YP documented on RiO

Fast London **NHS Foundation Trust** 

- Discharge summary sent within 5 working days to the GP, highlighting potential risks and whether YP would benefit from future interventions
- CAMHS clinician writes to YP informing them of discharge and provides details of how to access services in the future, including other support and services in the community.

### **Exceptions to the Transition Policy**

- - Community transfer-of-care should not be undertaken when YP is acutely unwell
  - CAMHS may request transfer-of-care before service user is 18, if needs better met by AMHS
  - CAMHS may request transfer-of-care after service user is 18, if needs better met by CAMHS
  - Such above cases should be discussed by the CAMHS & AMHS clinical teams, with reasons for decisions made explicit to all involved.

### CAMHS referrals to TH Adult Teams – breakdown by team referred to, Feb 2021—Jan 2023



